SESSION III: Drafting of Resolutions, negotiation and submission process
The Role of the Main Sponsor/Facilitator:

• The main sponsor/facilitator of the resolution consults with Member States and holds informal negotiations on the draft before tabling the “best version possible.”

Objectives:

• Drafting and negotiation are closely related because the subject of negotiations often involves agreeing on the words that are used to describe an action that is to be taken on a particular agenda item.

• Each delegation will have many objectives they will want to achieve during negotiations.
There are elements to consider by the facilitator that ensure the success of a negotiation:

- Background information, another important component of preparation is to be well-informed both about the issues to be negotiated and the positions of countries regarding the resolution.

- Prepare the zero draft using paragraphs based on agreed language, sources, and if necessary, explain the rationale of the new language.

- Consider that negotiation starts before the first informal meeting with the Member States- Previous meetings with key players (GoF).
• Tips during the Informal meetings

  – Zero Draft with track changes and sources.
  – A first reading of the resolution can also be done if it is not too long
  – Roadmap
  – PBIs
  – Closing paragraphs
  – Different views among the delegations
  – Facilitator text/Chair's ruling
  – Co-sponsors
  – Submission process
“Through constructive debate and negotiations, ideas develop into norms, which in turn drive policy development and implementation, with a view to advancing the course of humanity.”

Volkan Bozkir President of the UN General Assembly